November 07		
	INSTRUMENTATION	
0930 - 1000	Opening Remarks	Valladares, dePaula
	The LISN Observatory, Past, Present and	
1000 - 1030	Future	Valladares
	The SCINDA system - Meridional	
	Variations of Equatorial Scintillations	
1030 - 1100	During the COPEX campaign	Groves
1100 - 1130	Break	
	New Capabilities of the Jicamarca radar and	
1130 - 1200	its cluster of Instruments	Milla
1200 - 1230	Advanced Ionospheric Sounding	Bullett
	Lunch	
1400 - 1440		Abdu
	Ingesting Different kinds of Data into	
1440 - 1500	NeQuick	Nava
	Behavior of the Total Electron Content over	
1500 - 1520	Three Stations of the LISN Zone	Mozert
	Colombian Ionospheric Model Based on	
1520 - 1540	TEC Observations and Results	Palacios Caicedo
	GPS Radio Holography as a Tool for	
	Remote Sensingof the Atmosphere,	
	Mesosphere, and Terrestrial Surface from	
1540 - 1600	Space	Leal
1600 - 1630	Break	
1630 - 1650	Ionospheric Studies in COLOMBIA.	Villalobos
	Present Status of LISN Magnetometers	
1650 - 1710	Operation and New Developments	Veliz
	La Plata Ionospheric Model (LPIM) as a	
	tool for scientific and technological	
1710 - 1730	applications	Mauricio Gende
	Ionosphere effects on GNSS positioning:	
1730 - 1800	models and mitigation investigation	Galera
November 08		
	LOW LATITUDE SCIENCE	
0900 - 0940	Equatorial Sp. F: an historical review.	Woodman

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	Deducing Ionospheric Turbulence	
00.40 4040	Parameters from High-Rate GPS	
0940 - 1010	Observations during the COPEX Campaign.	Carrano
	Detection of Spread-F and fof2 values using	
1010 - 1030	Digisonde and VIPIR instruments.	Bhaneja
1030 - 1100	Break	
	Determination of the Sharp, Longitudinal	
	Gradients in Equatorial ExB Drift Velocities	
	Associated with the 4-cell, Non-migrating	
1100 - 1130	Structures.	Anderson
	Equatorial electrodynamics and ionospheric	
	density distribution difference between	
1130 - 1150	African and South American sectors.	Yizengaw
	The day-to-day longitudinal variability of	
	the global ionospheric density distribution	
1150 - 1210	E.E.	Pacheco
1130 1210	1	1 deficeo
	An overview of the ionospheric research at	
1210 - 1230	INPE, Brazil	Inez Batista
	Lunch	
	Semi annual anomalies in the Sun-Earth	
1400 - 1420	environment	Brunini
1420 - 1440	AIRES and RAPEAS on the move.	Brunini, Janchez
	Exploring the equatorial daytime F1 region	,
	with multi-frequency and multi-volume	
1440 - 1510	radar studies.	Chau
1440 1310	ladar stadies.	Ciidu
	Incoherent Scatter Density Measurements in	
1510 - 1540	the Topside E-region at Jicamarca	Kudeki
1310 - 1340	The low latitude ionosphere as seen with a	IXUUCKI
1540 - 1600	distributed Observatory	Valladares
1600 - 1630	Break	v anauares
1000 - 1030	Comparing LISN Model Results to	
1630 - 1700	Jicamarca Radar Data.	Eccles
1030 - 1700	ricamarca Nauar Data.	LCCICS
	Using FORMOS AT 2/COSMIC CDS 1	
1700 1720	Using FORMOSAT-3/COSMIC GPS data to	
1700 - 1720	improve the La Plata Ionospheric Model.	Conte
	Equatorial TEC over South American sector	_
1720 - 1740	with different magnetic declination angles.	Bronzato

	I anaitudinal variation of aquatorial appead E	
1740 - 1800	Longitudinal variation of equatorial spread F occurrence over South America	de la Cruz
1740 - 1800	occurrence over South America	de la Cluz
November 09		
	SPACE WEATHER -	
	AUGMENTATION SYSTEMS	
	Introduction to Space Weather and its	
0900 - 0930	impact on technological systems	Yizegaw
0930 - 1000	Space weather program in Brazil	Takahashi
	A Geophysical approach to assess Natural	
	Disasters and Space Weather impacts on	
1000 - 1030	Earth	Raulin
1030 - 1100	Break	
	First Results of GPS data and the	
	contribution for water loading evaluation in	
1100 - 1130	Amazon Basin.	Sonia Costa
	Storm-time Total Electron Content and its	
	Response to Penetration Electric Fields over	
1130 - 1200	South America	de Siqueira
	An investigation of the characteristics of	
	low-latitude amplitude scintillation and	
1200 - 1230	implications for GPS receiver performance	Alison Moraes
	Lunch	
	Use of the Global Positioning system (GPS)	
	by aviation is already widespread for	
	oceanic, en route, and terminal area	
1400 - 1430	guidance.	Walter
	Real Time Ionosphere Maps from GNSS	
1430 - 1500	Active Network.	Rodrigues de Aguiar
	Integrated GNSS Geodynamic System for	
1500 - 1530	Brazil	Vitorello
	Ground Based Augmentation System	
1530 - 1600	(GBAS).	Cosendey
1600 - 1630	Break	
	GEORED Project: Spatial Geodesy Network	
	for Geodynamics Research in Colombia,	
1630 - 1700	South America.	Mora
	Ionospheric Studies for the Understanding	
1700 - 1720	of the Earth's Dynamics in Colombia.	Rodriguez Zuloaga

1720 - 1740	Ionosphere Response to the M9 Tohoku Earthquake Revealed by Satellite Observations on South American Stations. Preliminary results.	Rios
1740 - 1800	Correcciones de retraso ionosférico	Robayo
November 10		
	PANEL DISCUSSIONS ON SCIENTIFIC, TECHNICHAL, AND EDUCATIONAL NEEDS	
0900 - 0930		